efficiency practical off grid solar power inverter built-in mppt solar controller 3000w 40a

Introduction

Pure sine wave inverter with built-in MPPT controller IP-HPC-Series is a module design. It has the advantages of high conversion efficiency, low power consumption and strong load-carrying ability. With intelligent control, users can set charging mode, (Utility as complementary power) AC first mode or DC first mode, timing inversion mode and timing utility mode, on / off mode It is one of advanced hybrid inverter & amp;. controller in the world.

Application

1.Off-grid solar power system
2.Solar and utility complementary power system

Feature

1.Easy to install.To configure a solar system, users just need to connect it with solar panels and batteries
2.CPU management, intelligent control, modular design, LCD display
3.Built-in MPPT controller, high charging efficiency
4.Low power consumption, high conversion efficiency
5.Intellectual, multi-function, it's convenient for users to make full use of solar energy in different situation
6. External battery connection, it's convenient for users to expand back-up power time
7.Strong load-carrying ability, low failure rate, easy to maintenance and long service life (under proper operation, it can last at least 5 years)
8.Perfect protection: low voltage protection, high voltage protection, over temperature protection, short-circuit protection, overload protection
9.CE / EMC / LVD / RoHS Approvals
10.Two years warranty, life-long technical support

Function
1.Charging function
1.1 PV only mode: when PV and utility are both connected to the inverter, only the PV will charge the battery while utility will not charge the battery.
1.2 PV + AC hybrid mode: when PV and utility are both connected to the inverter, both PV and utility will charge the battery.
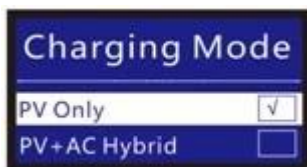
2.Utility as complementary power UPS function
2.1AC first, DC standby UPS mode

When utility and battery are connected to the inverter, utility will supply power to the loads preferentially. When utility is cut off, the battery will automatically continue to supply power to the loads.

Steps are as follows:
Step 1: When utility power is available, it will drive the loads directly after voltage being stabilized and charge batteries at the same time.
Step 2: When utility power is cut off suddenly, the inverter will convert DC to AC automatically to ensure uninterrupted power supply within 5ms.
Step 3: When utility power is available again, it will automatically transfer to utility supplying power to loads and charge batteries at the same time.

2.2DC first, AC standby UPS mode:

When utility and battery are connected to the inverter, battery will supply power to the loads prior to utility. When battery capacity is not enough, utility will continue to supply power automatically.

Steps are as follows:
Step 1: When battery has enough power, it will drive the loads directly via power inverter
Step 2: When battery does not have enough power, it will automatically transfer to utility supplying power to the loads
Step 3: After the battery is fully charged (eg by solar or wind charge controller), it will automatically transfer to battery supplying power to the loads.

3.Timing function

3.1 On / Off mode: Users can set specific time to turn on / off the output of the inverter.
3.2 Working mode: Battery or utility switchable mode Users can set specific time when to use battery or utility supplying power (suitable for areas where electric fee is charged differently in different period).

4.Recording / checking function

4.1 Inverter fault checking: Users can check the inverter fault information
4.2 Discharge time checking: Users can check the discharge time of the battery

Parameter

Parameter Model		1000W	1500W	2000W	3000W	4000W	5000W
Rated Output Power		1000W	1500W	2000W	3000W	4000W	5000W
Peak Power		2000W	3000W	4000W	6000W	8000W	10000W
Battery (Lead-acid battery）		24V	24V/48V(optional)			48V	
Charging Parameter							
Charge Mode（setting）		PV charge					
		PV charge + utility charge					
MPPT Solar Controller	Voltage	24V	24V/48V			48V	
	Current	20A	25A	30A	40A	40A	40A
	Max PV Input Voltage	100V					
	PV Charge Efficiency	95%~99%					
	Max PV Input Power	568W	24V: 710W	24V: 852W	24V:1136W	2272W	2272W
			48V1420W	48V: 1704W	48V: 2272W		
Utility	AC Charge Current	0~15A					
	Charge Mode	3-Stage Charging					
Inversion parameter							
AC Output	Voltage	220V±3% or 230V±3 or 240V±3% or 100V±3% or 110V±3% (optional)					
	Frequency	50Hz±0.5 or 60Hz±0.5 (optional)					
Output wave type		Pure sine wave output, Total Harmonic Distortion THD≤3					
Overload ability		>120% 1 min, >130% 10s					
Power Consumption (under normal working mode)		0.4A	24V: 0.5A	24V: 0.7A	24V: 0.7A	0.6A	0.65A
			48V: 0.4A	48V: 0.45A	48V: 0.5A		
Power Consumption (under sleep mode)		1-6W					
Inverter Conversion Efficiency		85%~92%					
Utility Mode							
AC Input	Voltage	220V±35% or 110V±35%（optional）					
	Frequency	The same as utility's frequency					
AC Output	Voltage	220V±5% or 110V+5%（optional）					
	Frequency	The same as utility's frequency					
Overload Ability		>120% 1 min,>130% 10s					
(AC first or DC first) priority							
UPS Output（setting）		AC first, DC standby					
		DC first, AC standby					
Switch Time		<5ms （AC to DC / DC to AC）					
Power On （setting）		Set by users					
		Timed on / off AC output automatically					
General Parameter							
Display	Display Mode	LCD+LED					
	Display Information	Input voltage, output voltage, output frequency, battery capacity, load condition, status Information					
Protection		Overload, short-circuit, high-voltage input, low-voltage input, overheat					
Environment	Temperature	-10℃～50℃					
	humidity	10%～90%					
	Altitude	≤4000m					
Size W×D×H(mm)		438*208*413				450*246*468	
Packing Size W×D×H(mm)		520*310*460				540*300*518	
Net Weight (kg)		15	17	19	25	34	35
Gross Weight (kg)		16	18	20	27	40	41

Pictures

Rs232

B0
B1
B2
B3
B4
B5
B6
B7
B8
B+

MONOMER BATTERY VOLTAGE DETECTION

Battery Switch

ON

DELIXI

CE

OFF

AC Input Switch

DELIXI

ON

CE

OFF

Solar Input

DC Output

S⊕   S⊖   L⊕   L⊖

Battery input

⊕   ⊖

Red   Black

Input voltage ■48VDC ■96VDC

AC INPUT

⊕ ⊕ ⊕   ⊕ ⊕ ⊕

N L ⏚   N L ⏚

AC OUTPUT

⚠ Pay attention to high voltage ⚠